



















How are claims processed?

	First step	Second step	Third step
Before 2016	Preliminary registration: EASY (distribution)	Reception center (accommodation) Branch Office (decision-making)	
After 2016	Preliminary registration: EASY (distribution) Focal points: Processing lanes Waiting rooms	Arrival center (quick decision- making) Reception center (accommodation) Branch Office (complex decision- making)	Centers for decisions and dispatching

General regime for a state-provided minimum of subsistence

1949 German Basic Law, Article 1(1):

Human dignity is inviolable. To respect and protect it shall be the duty of all state authority.

General regime: Social Law Book II on the basic security for jobseekers

Beneficiaries

- who have reached the age of 15, but have not yet reached the age of
 67
- who are able work
- who are not able to provide for themselves
- who ordinarily reside in Germany (stay is not just temporary)

General regime: Social Law Book XII on social assistance

Beneficiaries

- Persons who are indefinitely unable to work
- Persons have reached the age of 67
- Persons who do not qualify under Social Law Book II
- AND: who cannot provide for themselves
- AND: who reside in Germany

General regime: Social Law Book II and Social Law Book XII

Benefits

- cash transfers (allowance)
- means-tested
- public health insurance

Monthly flat rate

- single person: 409 €
- couple: 368 € per person
- children (depending on age): 237 €, 291 €, 311 €

Costs of accommodation (if adequate), for a single person: 250 €

Particular regime of the asylum seekers' benefits (ASBA)



Particular regime of the asylum seekers' benefits (ASBA)

Beneficiaries

- asylum seekers who have made their claim and wait for the decision on their claim
- foreign nationals who have been granted humanitarian titles
- foreign nationals whose stay is "tolerated"
- foreign nationals bound to leave the country (rejected asylum seekers; aliens entering the country illegally; overstayers; persons under deportation order)

Particular regime of the asylum seekers' benefits (ASBA)

Benefits

Regular benefits

- cover essential needs and essential personal needs
- accommodation in reception center: essential needs are provided in kind; essential personal needs ought to be provided in kind)
- accommodation in other facility: cash transfer for part of essential needs (219 € for single); cash transfer for essential personal needs (145 € for single) [total = 364 €]



Particular regime of the asylum seekers' benefits (ASBA)

Benefits

Downgraded benefits

- cover some essential needs, no essential personal needs
- are provided in kind
- are due for designated groups: foreign nationals who hamper deportation; asylum seekers who violate obligation to cooperate; asylum seekers who have not yet received certificate of arrival

The differences between the general and the particular regime: Do they matter?

Federal Constitutional Court, judgement of 18 July 2012

Main holdings of the court

- Article 1(1) German Basic Law implies a human right
- Every right holder must be provided with a minimum of subsistence
- Differing treatment: requirements

Building a case against the constitutionality of the ASBA

Differing amounts of benefits

- Basic benefits under the ASBA (364 € versus 409 €)
- Downgraded benefits under the ASBA

Differing forms of benefits

- Unfettered discretion of parliament?
- No!

